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APPLICATION N	O. I	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.		
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26574	7590	11/29/2004		EXAM	EXAMINER		
SCHIFF	HARDIN,	LLP	GREENE, I	GREENE, DANIEL L			
	DEPARTM RS TOWE		ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER			
CHICAG	O, IL 6060	06-6473	3621				
				DATE MAILED: 11/29/2004	DATE MAILED: 11/29/2004		

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

		Appli	cation No.	Applicant(s)					
Office Action Summan			73,949	REINFELDER ET AL.					
	Office Action Summary	Exam	iner	Art Unit					
			I L. Greene	3621	MU				
 Period for	The MAILING DATE of this communicate Reply	tion appears o	n the cover sheet with the	correspondence ad	ddress				
THE M Extensi after SI If the po - If NO po - Failure Any rep	RTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR AILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICA ons of time may be available under the provisions of 3' X (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communic ariod for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) depriod for reply is specified above, the maximum statuto to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, ly received by the Office later than three months after patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	TION. 7 CFR 1.136(a). In ation. 1ys, a reply within the ry period will apply a by statute, cause the	no event, however, may a reply be ti e statutory minimum of thirty (30) da and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from e application to become ABANDONI	mely filed ys will be considered time the mailing date of this of ED (35 U.S.C. § 133).					
Status									
1)⊠ F	desponsive to communication(s) filed o	n 16 Septemb	per 2004.						
	<ul> <li>∑ This action is FINAL.</li> <li>2b)  This action is non-final.</li> </ul>								
3)□ S	<del></del>								
	closed in accordance with the practice under Ex parte Quayle, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.								
Dispositio	n of Claims								
4a 5)□ C 6)⊠ C 7)□ C	Claim(s) is/are pending in the application.  4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration.  Claim(s) is/are allowed.  Claim(s) 1-18 is/are rejected.  Claim(s) is/are objected to.  Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or election requirement.								
Applicatio	n Papers								
9) <u></u> ⊤⊦	ne specification is objected to by the Ex	xaminer.							
10)□ Tł	10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) accepted or b) objected to by the Examiner.								
Α	Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).								
	Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).								
11)∐ Th	ne oath or declaration is objected to by	the Examiner	. Note the attached Office	Action or form P	ΓO-152.				
Priority un	der 35 U.S.C. § 119								
a) <u>□</u> 1. 2. 3.	cknowledgment is made of a claim for All b) Some * c) None of:  Certified copies of the priority doc  Certified copies of the priority doc  Copies of the certified copies of the application from the International of the attached detailed Office action for	cuments have cuments have ne priority doc Bureau (PCT	been received. been received in Applicati uments have been receive Rule 17.2(a)).	ion No ed in this National	Stage				
Attachment(s	)								
1) D Notice o	of References Cited (PTO-892)		4) Interview Summary						
	of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-		Paper No(s)/Mail Di		Դ₌152\				
	tion Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTC o(s)/Mail Date	/SB/U8)	6) Other:	atent Application (PTC	J-132)				

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## **DETAILED ACTION**

## Response to Amendment

1. The Amendments filed on 9/16/2004 under 37 CFR 1.131 is sufficient to overcome the 35 U.S.C. 101 and 112 references.

## Response to Arguments

- 2. Applicant's arguments filed 9/16/2004 have been fully considered but they are not persuasive. The Applicant submits that the "independent claims recite combining modules, or objects comprising at least one of software components and building blocks, with a semantic-less input and output configuration, and wherein an event communication framework provides automated, pattern-based, fully distributable events so that the objects are combined substantially without at least one of changing code and writing adapters. " is not referred to by Foody and, "Foody cannot implement an event communication framework providing automated, pattern-based, fully distributable events for combining modules, or objects comprising at least one of software components and building blocks with semantic-less input and output configuration. In Foody inputs and outputs are also not rules, but rather are data. In Foody, the event determines the operation and is thus link-time dependent. "
- 3. The Examiner disagrees and refers the Applicant to Foody claims 3 and 4 that teach about combining objects without changing code and writing parameters.

Further, the applicant in his arguments has stated what limitations his claims require by repeating almost verbatim the claim in the argument and then states the conclusion that the prior art does not disclose these limitations.

Rule 37 CFR 1.111(b) requires that applicant MUST "distinctly and specifically point out errors" in the examiner's action. Also, arguments or conclusions of attorney cannot take the place of evidence. In re Cole, 51 CCPA 919,326 F.2d 769, 140 USPQ 230- (1964); In re Schulze, 52 CCPA 1422, 346F.2d 600, 145 USPQ 716 (1965); Meitzner vs. Mindick, 549 F.2d 775, 193 USPQ 17 (CCPA 1977).

## Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

1. The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

- (e) the invention was described in (1) an application for patent, published under section 122(b), by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent or (2) a patent granted on an application for patent by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent, except that an international application filed under the treaty defined in section 351(a) shall have the effects for purposes of this subsection of an application filed in the United States only if the international application designated the United States and was published under Article 21(2) of such treaty in the English language.
- 7. The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

  A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

(e) the invention was described in a patent granted on an application for patent by another filed in the United States before the invention thereof by the applicant for patent, or on an international application by another who has fulfilled the requirements of paragraphs (1), (2), and (4) of section 371(c) of this title before the invention thereof by the applicant for patent.

The changes made to 35 U.S.C. 102(e) by the American Inventors Protection Act of 1999 (AIPA) and the Intellectual Property and High Technology Technical Amendments Act of 2002 do not apply when the reference is a U.S. patent resulting directly or indirectly from an international application filed before November 29, 2000. Therefore, the prior art date of the reference is determined under 35 U.S.C. 102(e) prior to the amendment by the AIPA (pre-AIPA 35 U.S.C. 102(e)).

## As to claim 1:

Foody et al discloses:

"objects comprising at least one of software components and building blocks with semantic-less" (see col. 12, lines 32-36); "dynamically linkable inputs and outputs stored on a memory of the computer system" (see col. I, lines 60-67; see col. 2, lines 1-S; see col. 10, lines 39-49); "an event communication framework providing automated, pattern-based, fully distributable events so that the objects are combined substantially without at least one of changing code and writing adapters." (see Figure 2, an overview of the system architecture in accordance with preferred embodiment of the invention; see col. 8; lines 66-67; see col. 9, lines 1-27). One having the ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention would have found it inherent that events specifies the operations to be performed on an object and object systems have application programs that communicate with their contained objects and abide by certain input and output rules.

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As to claim 2:

Foody et al further discloses:

"wherein the inputs and outputs of the objects are provided via CsaConnectable and CsaRemote objects, respectively." (see col. 10, lines 44-48). One having the ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention would have found it inherent in that object systems abiding by input and output rules have application programs that name the file information at the beginning of a program.

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As to claim 3:

Foody et al further discloses:

"wherein each data structure associated with the inputs and outputs is described in a separate header file which can be used by every object to be linked" (see col. 10, lines 44-49).

As to claim 4:

Foody et al further discloses:

"wherein each object is a shared library which is dynamically linkable at runtime by an ASCII configuration filing names of the inputs and outputs of the objects" (see col. 15, lines 41-60; see col. 19, lines 17-25; see col. 19, lines. 8-15).

As to claim 5:

Foody et al discloses:

a memory of the computing system storing objects; Fig. 1, 104.

"said objects comprising at least one of software components and building blocks having dynamically linkable inputs and outputs and internal tasks for queuing of data transferred into and out from the objects via said inputs and outputs, respectively" (see col. 1, lines 60-67; see col. 2, lines 1-5; see col. 10, lines 39-49);

"an event communication framework providing automated, pattern-based, fully distributable events so that the objects are combined substantially without at least one of changing code and writing adapters. "(see Figure 2, an overview of the system architecture in accordance with preferred embodiment of the invention; see col. 8; lines 66-67; see col. 9, lines 1-27). One having the ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention would have found it inherent in that events specifies the operations to be performed on an object and object systems have application programs that communicate with their contained objects and abide by certain input and output rules.

As to claim 6:

Foody et al further discloses:

"wherein the inputs and outputs of the objects are provided via CsaConnectable and CsaRemote objects, respectively." (see col. 10, lines 44-48). One having the ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention would have found it inherent in that

object systems abiding by input and output rules have application programs that name the file information at the beginning of a program.

As to claim 7:

Foody et al further discloses;

"wherein each data structure associated with the inputs and outputs is described in a separate header file which can be used by every object to be linked." (see col. 10, lines 44-49).

As to claim 8:

Foody et al further discloses:

"wherein each object is a shared library which is dynamically linkable at runtime by an ASCII configuration file containing names of the inputs and outputs of the objects" (see col. 15, lines 41-60; see col. 19, lines 17-25; see col. 19, lines 8-15).

As to claim 9:

Foody et al discloses "defining input and output events that are fully distributable" (see col. 1, lines 60-67; see col. 2, lines 1-5; see col. 10, lines 39-49); "configuring dynamic linkable, semantic-free components by input and output connection points and storing the modules on a memory of the computer system" (see col. 1, lines 60-67; see col. 2, lines 1-5; see col. 10, lines 39-49; see col. 12, lines 32-36); "providing auto routed pattern based fully distributable events based on an event

communication framework so that the modules are combined substantially without at least one of changing code and writing adapters." (see Figure 2, an overview of the system architecture in accordance with preferred embodiment of the invention; see col. 8; lines 66-67; see col. 9, lines 1-27). One having the ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention would have found it inherent in that events specifies the operations to be performed on an object.

As to claim 10:

Foody et al discloses:

"objects comprising at least one of software components and building blocks with semantic-less dynamically linkable inputs and outputs stored on a memory of the computer system " (see col. I, lines 60-67; see col. 2, lines 1-5; see col. 10, lines 39-49; see col. 12, lines 32-36); "an event communication framework providing automated, pattern-based, fully distributable events so that the objects are combined substantially without at least one of changing code and writing adapters "(see Figure 2, an overview of the system architecture in accordance with preferred embodiment of the invention; see col. 8; lines 66-67; see col. 9, lines 1-27). One having the ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention would have found it inherent in that events specifies the operations to be performed on an object and object systems have application programs that communicate with their contained objects and abide by certain input and output rules.

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As to claim 11:

Foody et al further discloses:

"wherein the inputs and outputs of the objects are provided CsaConnectable and CsaRemote objects, respectively." (see col. 10, lines 44-48). One having the ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention would have found it inherent in that object systems abiding by input and output rules have application programs that name the file information at the beginning of a program.

As to claim 12:

Foody et al further discloses:

"wherein each data structure associated with the inputs and outputs is describe in a separate header file which can be used by every object to be linked" (see col. 10, lines 44-49).

As to claim 13:

Foody et al further discloses:

"wherein each object is a shared library which is dynamically linkable at runtime by an ASCII configuration filing names of the inputs and outputs of the objects" (see col. 15, lines 41-60; see col. 19, lines 17-25; see col. 19, lines 8-15).

As to claim 14:

Foody et al discloses:

"object oriented code for an object orientated computing system on a computing system" (see col. I, lines 60-67; see col. 2, lines 1-5; see col. 10, lines 39-49; see col. 12, lines 32-36);

"objects comprising at least one of software components and building blocks stored on a memory of the computer system and having dynamically linkable inputs and outputs and internal tasks for queuing of data transferred into and out from the objects via said inputs and outputs" (see col. 1, lines 60-67; see col. 2, lines 1-5; see col. 10, lines 39-49);

"an event communication framework providing automated, patter-based, fully distributable events so that the objects are combined substantially without at least one of changing code and writing adapters " (see Figure 2, an overview of the system architecture in accordance with preferred embodiment of the invention; see col. 8; lines 66-67; see col. 9, lines 1-27). One having the ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention would have found it inherent in that events specifies the operations to be performed on an object and object systems have application programs that communicate with their contained objects and abide by certain input and output rules.

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As to claim 15:

Foody et al further discloses:

"wherein the inputs and outputs of the objects are provided via CsaConnectable and CsaRemote objects, respectively." (see col. 10, lines 44-48). One having the ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention would have found it inherent in that object systems abiding by input and output rules have application programs that name the file information at the beginning of a program.

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As to claim 16:

Foody et al further discloses:

"wherein each data structure associated with the inputs and outputs is described in a separate header file which can be used by every object to be linked" (see col. 10, lines 44-49).

As to claim 17:

Foody et al further discloses:

"wherein each object is a shared library which is dynamically linkable at runtime by an ASCII configuration file containing names of the inputs and outputs of the objects" (see col. 15, lines 41-60; see col. 19, lines 17-25; see col. 19, lines 8-15).

As to claim 18:

Foody et al discloses "defining input and output events that are fully distributable" (see col. I, lines 60-67; see col. 2, lines 1-5; see col. 10, lines 39-49);

"configuring dynamic linkable, semantic-free software components by input and output connections points and stored on a memory of the computer system " (see col. 1, lines 60-67; see col. 2, lines 1-5; see col. 10, lines 39-49; see col. 12, lines 32-36);

"providing auto routed pattern based fully distributable events based on an event communication framework so that the components are combined substantially without at least one of changing code and writing adapters " (see Figure 2, an overview of the system architecture in accordance with preferred embodiment of the invention; see col. 8; lines 66-67; see col. 9, lines 1-27). One having the ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention would have found it inherent in that events specifies the operations to be performed on an object and object systems have application programs that communicate with their contained objects and abide by certain input and output rules.

#### Conclusion

2. Applicant's amendment necessitated the new ground(s) of rejection presented in this Office action. Accordingly, **THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL**. See MPEP § 706.07(a). Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within

TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the date of this final action.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Daniel L. Greene whose telephone number is 703-306-5539. The examiner can normally be reached on M-Thur. 8am-6pm.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, James P. Trammell can be reached on 703-305-9768. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 703-872-9306.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic

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11/22/2004

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